

Inspection guide – Animals for Exhibition

The Animal Welfare (Licensing of Activities Involving Animals) (England) Regulations 2018.

Fremises name and address	ST. LECHDADS.
Premises person(s) present	
Authorised Officer(s)	
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Licence conditions – General Licence Display	Comment
1.—(1) A copy of the licence must be clearly and prominently	Yes
displayed on any premises on which the licensable activity is carried	TO BEE
on.	WITH LOW.
(2) The name of the licence holder followed by the number of the	Yes
licence holder's licence must be clearly and prominently displayed on	No No
any website used in respect of the licensable activity.	
Records	Yes
2.—(1) The licence holder must ensure that at any time all the	No 🔲
records that the licence holder is required to keep as a condition of	ob O correct
the licence are available for inspection by an inspector in a visible and	BOBIC IND CO PERTI
legible form or, where any such records are stored in electronic form,	Bosic into @ present but advised to keep better owners.
in a form from which they can readily be produced in a visible and	better or ress.
legible form.	
(2) The licence holder must keep all such records for at least three	Yes
years beginning with the date on which the record was created.	No 🗍
Use, number and type of animal	Yes
3.—(1) No animals or types of animal other than those animals and	No No
types of animal specified in the licence may be used in relation to the	
relevant licensable activity.	
(2) The number of animals kept for the activity at any time must not	Yes
exceed the maximum that is reasonable taking into account the	No No
facilities and staffing on any premises on which the licensable activity	
is carried on.	

Staffing 4.—(1) Sufficient numbers of people who are competent for the purpose must be available to provide a level of care that ensures that the welfare needs of all the animals are met. (2) The licence holder or a designated manager and any staff employed to care for the animals must have competence to identify the normal behaviour of the species for which they are caring and to	Yes No Yes No
recognise signs of, and take appropriate measures to mitigate or prevent, pain, suffering, injury, disease or abnormal behaviour. (3) The licence holder must provide and ensure the implementation of a written training policy for all staff.	Yes No
Suitable environment 5.—(1) All areas, equipment and appliances to which the animals have access must present minimal risks of injury, illness and escape and must be constructed in materials that are robust, safe and durable, in a good state of repair and well maintained.	Yes It No I No I Corolition.
(2) Animals must be kept at all times in an environment suitable to their species and condition (including health status and age) with respect to— (a)their behavioural needs, (b)its situation, space, air quality, cleanliness and temperature, (c)the water quality (where relevant),	Yes No
(d)noise levels, (e)light levels, (f)ventilation.	V.C. Condition.
(3) Staff must ensure that the animals are kept clean and comfortable.	Yes No

(4) Where appropriate for the species, a toileting area and	Yes
opportunities for toileting must be provided.	No
(5) D	Yes
(5) Procedures must be in place to ensure accommodation and any equipment within it is cleaned as often as necessary and good	No
hygiene standards are maintained and the accommodation must be	
capable of being thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.	
(6) The animals must be transported and handled in a manner	Yes
(including for example in relation to housing, temperature, ventilation	No
and frequency) that protects them from pain, suffering, injury and	Viewed transport
disease.	Boyes - All have
(7) All the animals must be easily accessible to staff and for	Yes
inspection and there must be sufficient light for the staff to work	No
effectively and observe the animals.	
(8) All resources must be provided in a way (for example as	Yes
regards. frequency, location and access points) that minimises	No
competitive behaviour or the dominance of individual animals.	
(9) The animals must not be left unattended in any situation or for	Yes
any period likely to cause them distress.	No
Suitable Diet	Yes
6.—(1) The animals must be provided with a suitable diet in terms	No \
of quality, quantity and frequency and any new feeds must be	
introduced gradually to allow the animals to adjust to them.	Frazen food CRPT
	in heard.
	Frozen 6000 Kept in freezel. Feet roman when given them.
(2) Feed and (where appropriate) water intake must be monitored,	Yes
and any problems recorded and addressed.	No 🗌
(3) Feed and drinking water provided to the animals must be	Yes
unspoilt and free from contamination.	No No
(4) Feed and drinking receptacles must be capable of being	Yes
cleaned and disinfected, or disposable.	

		No 🗆
		INO
(5) Constant access to fresh, clean drinking water must be provided in a suitable receptacle for the species that requires it.		Yes
		No 🗍
		Yes
(6) Where feed is prepared on the premises on which the		
licensable activity is carried on, there must be hygienic facilities for its	Sedeo	No
preparation, including a working surface, hot and cold running water	contines 1	$\widehat{}$
and storage.	Giore.	
Monitoring of behaviour and training of animals		Yes
7.—(1) Active and effective environmental enrichment must be		No
provided to the animals in inside and any outside environments.		INO
(2) For species whose welfare depends partly on exercise,	Taken to	Yes
opportunities to exercise which benefit the animals' physical and	Field once	No 🗍
mental health must be provided, unless advice from a veterinarian	c week to	
suggests otherwise.	excessise.	
Suggests utilitivise.		
(3) The animals' behaviour and any changes of behaviour must be		Yes
monitored and advice must be sought, as appropriate and without		No 🗆
delay, from a veterinarian or, in the case of fish, any person		
competent to give such advice if adverse or abnormal behaviour is		
detected.		
(4) Where used, training methods or equipment must not cause		Yes
pain, suffering or injury.		No 🗆
pain, suitering or injury.		
(5) All immature animals must be given suitable and adequate		Yes
opportunities to—		No
opportunities to—		
(a)learn how to interact with people, their own species and other		
animals where such interaction benefits their welfare, and		
(b)become habituated to noises, objects and activities in their		
environment.		
Animal handling and interactions	an stall	Yes
8.—(1) All people responsible for the care of the animals must be	nove left on	No 🗍
competent in the appropriate handling of each animal to protect it from	more let on their own	
pain, suffering, injury or disease.	sond she	
(2) The animals must be kept separately or in suitable compatible		Yes
social groups appropriate to the species and individual animals and		No
no animals from a social species may be isolated or separated from		

others of their species for any longer than is necessary.		
(3) The animals must have at least daily opportunities to interact		Yes
with people where such interaction benefits their welfare.		No 🗆
Protection from pain, suffering, injury and disease		
9.—(1) Written procedures must—		Yes
(a)be in place and implemented covering—		No
(i)feeding regimes,	0 - 2 (2 2 2)	15 at 60
(ii)cleaning regimes,	, posic into	Capre
(iii)transportation,	present - la	chezien
(iv)the prevention of, and control of the spread of, disease,	Bosic into present - la noise to to	s robi
(v)monitoring and ensuring the health and welfare of all the animals,	in auture.	
(vi)the death or escape of an animal (including the storage of carcasses);	••••	
(b)be in place covering the care of the animals following the suspension or revocation of the licence or during and following an emergency.		
(2) All people responsible for the care of the animals must be made		Yes
fully aware of these procedures.		No
(2) A		
(3) Appropriate isolation, in separate self-contained facilities, must be available for the care of sick, injured or potentially infectious		Yes
animals.		No 🔲
(4) All reasonable precautions must be taken to prevent and		Yes
control the spread among the animals and people of infectious diseases, pathogens and parasites.		No
(5) All excreta and soiled bedding for disposal must be stored and		Yes
disposed of in a hygienic manner and in accordance with any relevant legislation.		No 🗔
(6) Sick or injured animals must receive prompt attention from a		Yes
veterinarian or, in the case of fish, an appropriately competent person and the advice of that veterinarian or, in the case of fish, that		No 🗆
competent person must be followed.		
(7) Where necessary, animals must receive preventative treatment by an appropriately competent person.		Yes
an appropriately compatent person.		No 🔲
(8) The licence holder must register with a veterinarian with an		Vos T
appropriate level of experience in the health and welfare requirements		Yes
of any animals specified in the licence and the contact details of that veterinarian must be readily available to all staff on the premises on		No
which the licensable activity is carried on.		
(9) Prescribed medicines must be stored safely and securely to		Yes
safeguard against unauthorised access, at the correct temperature,		

and used in accordance with the instructions of the veterinarian.		No
(10) Medicines other than prescribed medicines must be stored, used and disposed of in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer or veterinarian.		Yes No
(11) Cleaning products must be suitable, safe and effective against pathogens that pose a risk to the animals and must be used, stored and disposed of in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and used in a way which prevents distress or suffering of the animals.		Yes
(12) No person may euthanase an animal except a veterinarian or a person who has been authorised by a veterinarian as competent for such purpose or—		Yes No
(a)in the case of fish, a person who is competent for such purpose;		
(b)in the case of horses, a person who is competent, and who holds a licence or certificate, for such purpose.		
(13) All animals must be checked at least once daily and more regularly as necessary to check for any signs of pain, suffering, injury,		Yes
disease or abnormal behaviour and vulnerable animals must be		No
checked more frequently.		
(14) Any signs of pain, suffering, injury, disease or abnormal behaviour must be recorded and the advice and further advice (if		Yes
necessary) of a veterinarian (or in the case of fish, of an appropriately competent person) must be sought and followed.		No
Emergencies	- 5.1	Yes
10.—(1) A written emergency plan, acceptable to the local authority, must be in place, known and available to all the staff on the	Advisor to.	No
premises on which the licensable activity is carried on, and followed	write a	a po
where necessary to ensure appropriate steps are taken to protect all the people and animals on the premises in case of fire or in case of breakdowns of essential heating, ventilation and aeration or filtration systems or other emergencies.		•
(2) The plan must include details of the emergency measures to be taken for the extrication of the animals should the premises become		Yes
uninhabitable and an emergency telephone list that includes the fire		No
service and police.		
(3) External doors and gates must be lockable.	an rodoo	Yes
	e wire @ top of fence.	No
(4) A designated key holder with access to all animal areas must at all		Yes
times be within reasonable travel distance of the premises and available to attend in an emergency.		No

Licence conditions – Specific	Comment
Insurance	Yes
The licence holder must hold valid public liability insurance in respect of	No 🔲
the licensable activity of keeping or training animals for exhibition.	
Emergencies	Yes
2. A written policy detailing contingency measures in the event of the	No
breakdown of a vehicle used to transport the animals or any other emergency	
must be available to all staff.	
Suitable environment	Yes
3. Suitable temporary accommodation must be provided for all the	No No
animals at any venue where they are exhibited.	
Monitoring of behaviour and training	Yes
4. The animals must be trained by competent staff and given suitable and	No
adequate opportunities to become habituated to being exhibited, using	-
positive reinforcement.	
Housing with or apart from other animals	Yes
5.—(1) Social animals must not be exhibited if their removal from and	No
reintroduction to the group with which they are usually housed causes them	
or any other animal within that group stress, anxiety or fear.	
(2) Animals must be prevented from coming into contact with each other	
during any exhibition where such contact would be likely to cause any of them	
to show signs of aggression, fear or distress.	
(3) All persons likely to come into contact with the animals during an	
exhibition must be briefed about how to behave around the animals so as to minimise anxiety, fear and stress in the animals.	
(4) No female animal with unweaned offspring may be removed from its home environment and newborn, unweaned or dependent offspring must not	
be removed from their mothers.	
Records	Yes
6. The licence holder must keep a list of each animal kept, or trained, for	No \
exhibition with all the information necessary to identify that animal individually	
(including its common and scientific names) and must provide the local	
authority with a copy of the list and any change to it as soon as practicable	

after the change. Yes Protection from pain, suffering, injury and disease No 7.—(1) A register must be kept of each animal exhibited or to be exhibited which must include-(a)the full name of its supplier, (b)its date of birth, Advised better (c)the date of its arrival, record keeping to be undertaken. In luture. (d)its name (if any), age, sex, neuter status, description and microchip or ring number (if applicable), (e)the name and contact details of the animal's normal veterinarian and details of any insurance relating to it, (f)details of the animal's relevant medical and behavioural history including details of any treatment administered against parasites and any restrictions on exercise or diet, (g)a record of the date or dates of the animal's most recent vaccination. worming and flea treatments, and (h)the distance to and times taken for it to travel to and from each exhibition vent. (2) A record of when the animals are exhibited must be kept and an animal rotation policy must be put in place to ensure that the animals have enough rest between and during exhibition events. (3) All the animals used in exhibition events must be in good physical and mental health. (4) The exhibited animals must be suitable for the specific conditions, type of enclosure and actions involved in the exhibition. (5) Any equipment, chemicals and other materials used in the exhibition must not cause the animals pain, discomfort, fatigue or stress. (6) The animals must be transported in suitable, secure and appropriately labelled carriers. (7) The licence holder or the licence holder's staff must undertake a risk

assessment before each exhibition event.

	must not be handled by person to be influenced by the consumption		
psychoactive substa		of alcohol of by any	
psychoactive substa	ance.		
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In your opinion sh	ould a licence be issued ?	overell v	ery impressed
On what grounds	do you consider a licence should r	not bhe issued ?	
What matters sho	uld receive particular attention at		•
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When do you reco			
when do you reco	ommend further inspection?	ail bim lsm	ana insp
Name			
Ivaille			
Oissand of August			
Signature of Aur	horised Officer(s)		
Date and time of	the assessment		
		• • •	
4, 0	1.19. @ 10.00	AY),	
Inspection sche	edule		
Score	Inspection frequency	Assessment Result (please tick)	Next Inspection Due Date
255 - 385	12 months	N. J. S.	
125 - 250	18 months		

24 months

0 - 120

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